# Information Sheet

**Professional accountants and Trust Accounts** 



This information sheet has been prepared to provide information to stakeholders on the requirement for an accountant in public practice to open a Trust Account in circumstances where they need to transact with client monies.

### **Overview**

- In order to ensure that client monies are properly safeguarded, professional accountants in public practice<sup>1</sup> are required by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board to open a Trust Account that has the features set out in APES 310 Client Monies (APES 310).
- The Trust Account must contain the following features:
  - the account name or title must contain the term 'Trust Account' as well as the professional accountant's or firm's name.
  - all monies in the Trust Account must only be client monies for one or more clients.
  - the Financial Institution must acknowledge (for example in the terms and conditions or separate agreement) that they:
    - are not entitled to combine the Trust Account with any other account; or
    - cannot exercise any right to set-off or counterclaim against monies in that account in respect of any sum owed to the financial institution on any other account.
  - interest payable on the Trust Account balance is credited to the Trust Account only.
- The professional accountant's compliance with the obligations in APES 310 is subject to a mandatory annual audit or review.

# Why does a professional accountant in public practice need to open a Trust Account?

Professional Accountants in Public Practice are required to open a Trust Account in accordance with APES 310 *Client Monies* (APES 310) when they transact with Client Monies, unless they are given access to transact through a client bank account. The professional accountant is prohibited from holding client monies in their own personal bank account or in their business bank accounts; this is in order to safeguard the client's assets which are not the property of the professional accountant. Client monies must be held in a separate bank account that is clearly designated as a Trust Account, which may be used for one or multiple clients' monies.

# Criteria the professional accountant should satisfy to be able to open a Trust Account

The key criteria a professional accountant should meet are:

- a current membership of either Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand (CA ANZ), CPA Australia or the Institute of Public Accountants (IPA); and
- holds a current Certificate of Public Practice (which is sometimes called a Professional Practice Certificate).

These items will provide evidence that the professional accountant is required to comply with the professional and ethical standards set out in APES 310.

# **Key terms and conditions of the Trust Account**

APES 310 sets out key terms and conditions for the Trust Account including:

- the bank account title must contain the term 'Trust Account' as well as the professional accountant's or firm's name (APES 310 para 5.1);
- the Trust Account will only contain Client Monies (APES 310 para 5.3(a));
- · the bank must acknowledge they:
  - are not entitled to combine the Trust Account with any other account; or
  - cannot exercise any right to set-off or counterclaim against monies in that account in respect of any sum owed to the Financial Institution on any other account (APES 310 para 5.3(a));
- interest payable on the Trust Account balance is credited to the Trust Account (APES 310 para 5.3(b)); and
- a copy of the terms and conditions are kept by the professional accountant (APES 310 para 5.4).

In addition, the professional accountant should bear any Financial Institution, statutory or other government charges. This could occur by the charges being allocated to another bank account held by the professional accountant or through the professional accountant reimbursing the Trust Account for these charges.

Compliance with these requirements are checked as part of a mandatory annual audit or review performed by an independent auditor as specified in the requirements in APES 310.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Professional Accountant in Public Practice means a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand (CA ANZ), CPA Australia or the Institute of Public Accountants (IPA) who holds a current public practice certificate.



## Are the professional and ethical standards law?

No, the professional and ethical standards set by the APESB are not law. Although some of the APESB Standards have the force of law, for example auditor independence requirements in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

However, any accountant who is a member of CA ANZ, CPA Australia or IPA must comply with the requirements and consider guidance in APESB pronouncements, including APES 310. An accountant can face disciplinary action from the applicable professional bodies if they do not comply with the APESB pronouncements.

When a professional accountant is a tax practitioner registered with the Tax Practitioners Board (TPB) there is an obligation in the *Tax Agent Services Act 2009* to report on client money or property held on Trust. This is a legally enforceable obligation. Additional guidance on this obligation can be found in *TPB (I) 15/2012: Code of Professional Conduct – Holding money or other property on trust* available on the TPB website: www.tpb.gov.au.

# Where can I access more information or help with these requirements?

For further details on the specific requirements that apply to Trust Accounts operated by professional accountants please refer to the complete version of APES 310 which is accessible on the APESB website: <a href="mailto:apesb.org.au">apesb.org.au</a>.

To verify the professional accountant's membership details or for general information on Trust Accounts and professional accountants please contact the relevant professional accounting body using their details below:

### **CA ANZ**

Website: charteredaccountantsanz.com Email: service@charteredaccountantsanz.com

Phone: 1300 137 322

Phone: +61 2 9290 5660 (outside of Australia)

### **CPA Australia**

Website: cpaaustralia.com.au

Email: <a href="mailto:qualityreview@cpaaustralia.com.au">qualityreview@cpaaustralia.com.au</a>
Phone: 1300 73 73 73 (within Australia)
Phone: +61 3 9606 9677 (outside of Australia)

#### **IPA**

Website: publicaccountants.org.au

Email: <a href="mailto:headoffice@publicaccountants.org.au">headoffice@publicaccountants.org.au</a>

Phone: +61 3 8665 3100

For assistance in relation to **accessing the Standard APES 310**, please contact the APESB in one of the following ways:

Website: apesb.org.au

Email: enquiries@apesb.org.au

Phone: 03 9670 8911

For further information about the TPB and obligations under the Code of Professional Conduct in the Tax Agent Services Act 2009, please visit the TPB website at www.tpb.gov.au.

This information sheet was prepared by the Technical Staff of the <u>Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board</u> (APESB) and is for information purposes only. It provides general information in respect of the professional requirements for a Professional Accountant in Public Practice to open and operate a Trust Account in accordance with APES 310. There are also other professional and ethical obligations the Members need to comply with in respect of Client Monies which are set out in APES 310.

#### **About APESB**

APESB is governed by an independent board of directors whose primary objective is to develop and issue, in the public interest, high-quality professional and ethical pronouncements. These pronouncements apply to the membership of the three major Australian professional accounting bodies (CPA Australia, CA ANZ and the IPA).

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